

Machine Learning Approaches for Estimating Cortical States in the Awake Mouse

Adriano M. F. Borsa*¹, David A. Weiss*², Aurélie Pala³, Audrey J. Sederberg⁴, Garrett B. Stanley²

⁴ Department of Neuroscience, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, MN

¹Department of Electrical Engineering, Georgia Institute of Technology, Atlanta, GA

²Department of Biomedical Engineering, Georgia Institute of Technology and Emory University, Atlanta, GA

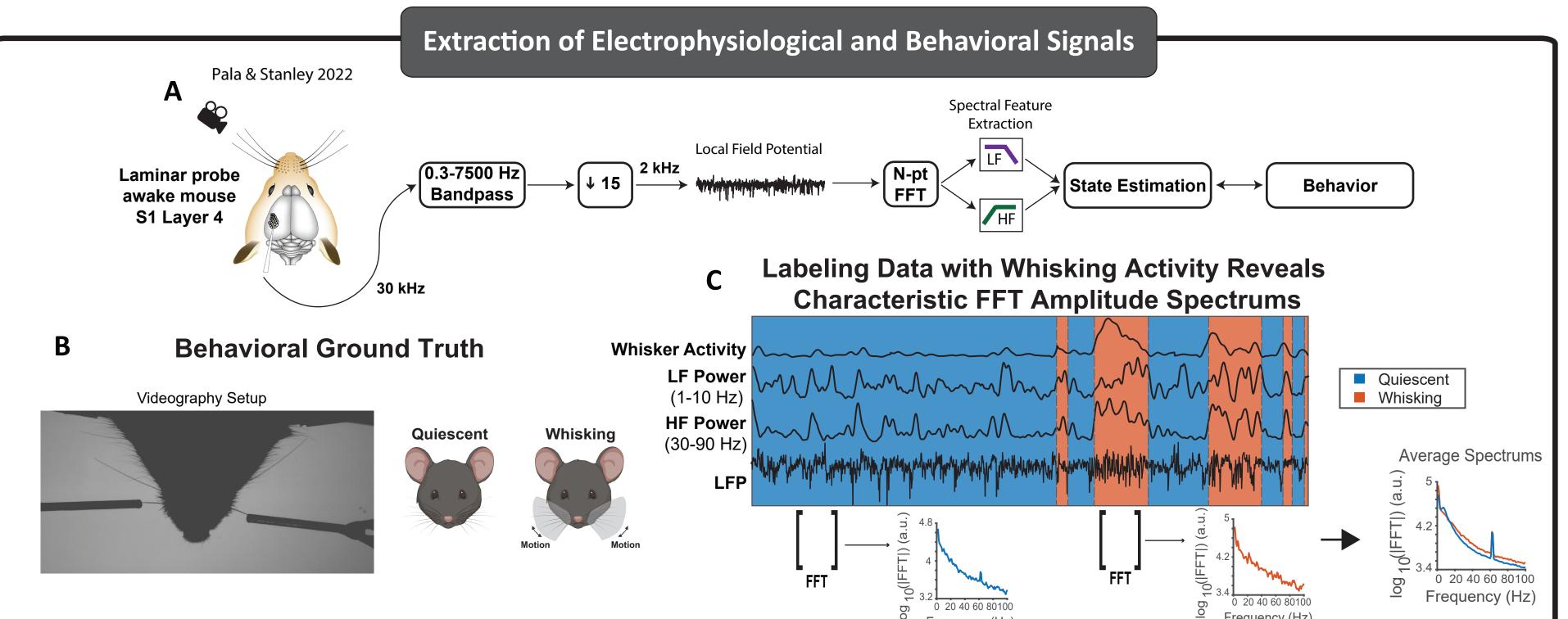
³Department of Biology, Emory University, Atlanta, GA

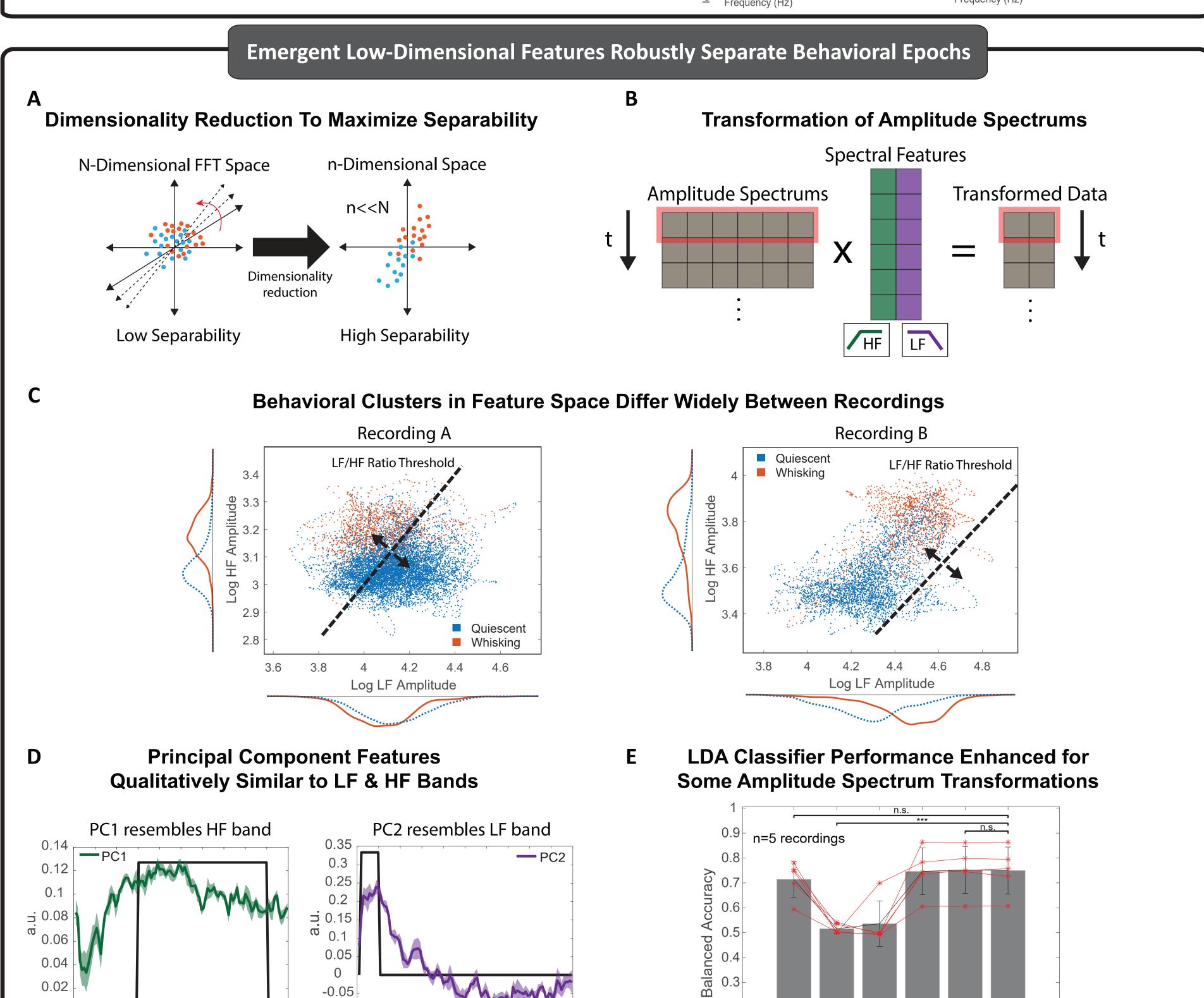




Local cortical activity patterns, or *cortical states*, vary with behavioral context. Importantly, these cortical states profoundly modulate cortical function, e.g., by shaping sensory processing across various sensory modalities (Harris & Thiele 2011; Poulet & Crochet 2019). Though there has been much effort to characterize cortical states, they are typically defined in an *ad hoc* manner that is unsuitable for robust, *real-time estimation*. For example, a common approach is to threshold on the ratio of power between a canonical low-frequency (LF; 1-10 Hz) and high-frequency (HF; 30-90 Hz) band (Sederberg, et al. in prep.).

Here we use data-driven approaches to estimate cortical states from real-time accessible LFP signals. We build unsupervised models of cortical state that leverage both the statistical and temporal structure of the data to increase *robustness across animals*. Finally, we use behavioral videography as a ground truth proxy for cortical state to evaluate model efficacy.



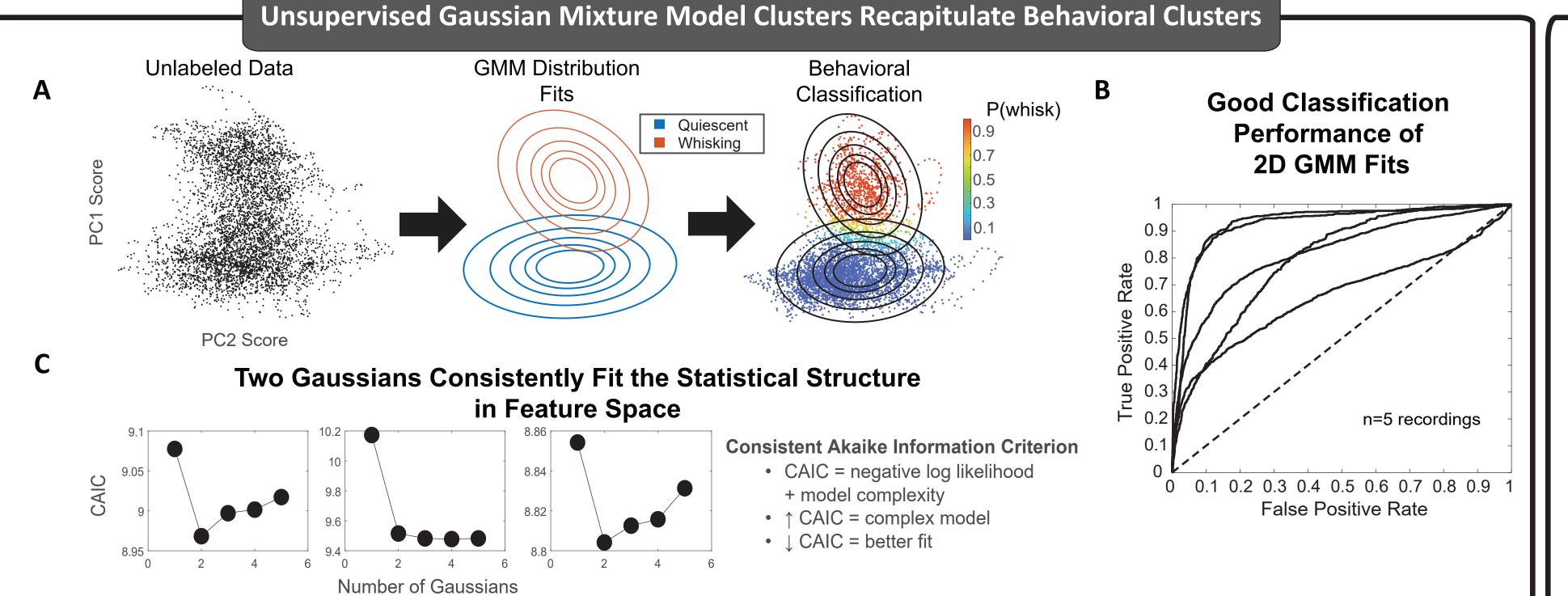


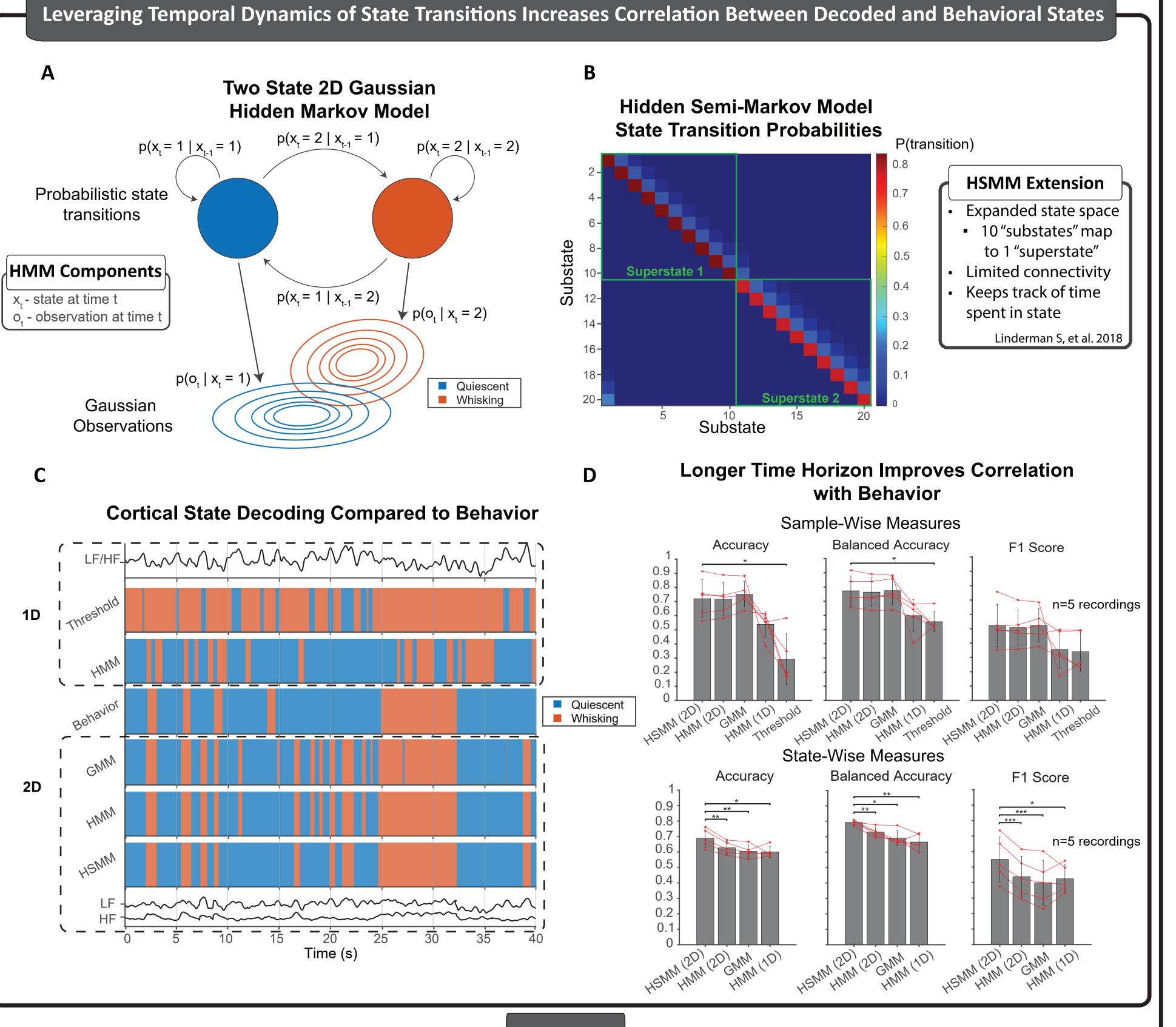
Full LF/HF LF HF LFHF PCA

Transformation (2D) (2D)

Frequency (Hz)

Frequency (Hz)

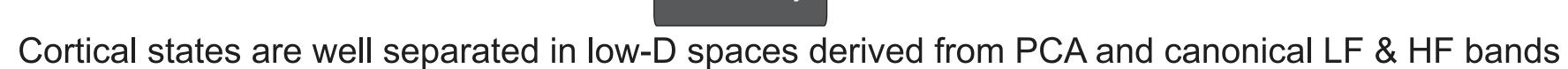




LFP Signals Across Cortical Layers - AMMAMMAMAMA **State Estimation** Market Ma **Variable Classification Performance of GMM Fits By Layer** 2 5 6 42 45 46 256 Cortical Layer Selection **Real-time State Estimation Buffer Based Online State Estimation Block Diagram** Hardware filter 0.3-7500 Hz **Bandpass** Real-time Simulation in Simulink Agrees with Offline Estimation Simulink Real-time Simulation Posterior 0.6 Quiescent Whisking 2.5 Offline Estimation Probability Time (s)

Future Directions and Preliminary Results

Multichannel LFP Analysis



- However, the LF/HF ratio does not robustly separate cortical states across all animals
 Unsupervised clustering models recapitulate behaviorally labeled clusters
- Leveraging temporal information improves cortical state estimation
- Future Directions: (1) Real-time Algorithms, (2) Multichannel LFP, (3) Pupillometry

Peferences

[1] Harris, K. D. & Thiele, A. Cortical state and attention. Nat Rev Neurosci 12, 509–523 (2011). [2] Poulet, J. F. A. & Crochet, S. The Cortical States of Wakefulness. Front Syst Neurosci 12, 64 (2019). [3] Pala, A., & Stanley, G. B. Ipsilateral stimulus encode primary and secondary somatosensory cortex of awake mice. J Neurosci 42(13), 2701–2715 (2022). [4] Sederberg, A., Pala, A., & Stanley, G. B. Linking states of the local field potential and spiking activity through temporal dynamics (in preparation). [5] Linderman, S., Antin, B., Zoltowski, D., & Glaser, J. SSM: Bayesian Learning and Inference for State Space Models (0.0.1). https://github.com/lindermanlab/ssm (2018).

Acknowledgments: CRCNS R01NS115327; NIBIB T32EB025816; NIBIB R01EB029857; NINDS R21NS112783.